

**DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DE ENERGÍA**  
**Despacho del Subdirector**

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**SDGE-132-2012**  
Guatemala, 24 de Julio de 2012

**Ingeniero**  
**Felipe Robles**  
**Asesor en Estadísticas y Mercados Energéticos**  
**Presente**

Ingeniero Robles:

Por medio de la presente le saludo y hago de su conocimiento que la Dirección General de Energía a la cual represento, está conforme con el informe que comprende las actividades realizadas en el mes de julio del año dos mil doce que usted prestó a esta Dirección.

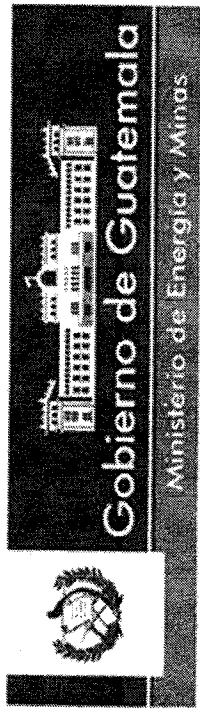
De igual manera le informo que el trabajo realizado estuvo apegado a las condiciones del Contrato Administrativo celebrado entre usted y el Ministerio de Energía y Minas y se extiende la presente para continuar con el proceso correspondiente.

Agradeciendo su atención y servicio, me despido reiterando nuestra conformidad con el trabajo realizado.

Atentamente,

Ing. Marco Fabio Gudiel Sandoval  
**Sub-Director General de Energía**



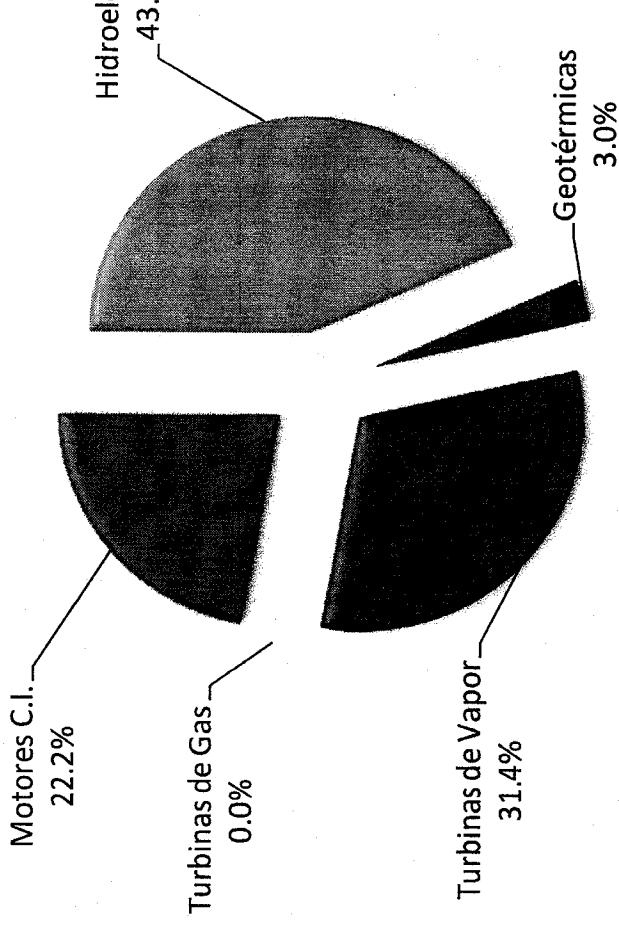


# MATRIZ ENERGÉTICA DEL PAÍS

MEM

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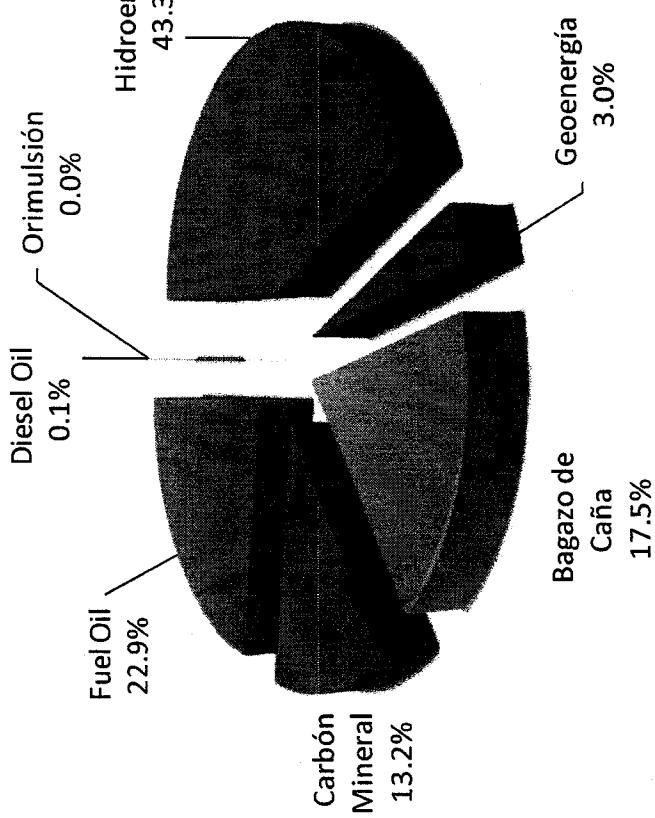
# GENERACIÓN DE ENERGÍA ELÉCTRICA POR TIPO DE CENTRAL AÑO 2010



| Tipo de Central   | GWh     | %     |
|-------------------|---------|-------|
| Hidroeléctricas   | 3,849.1 | 43.3  |
| Geotérmicas       | 271.0   | 3.0   |
| Turbinas de Vapor | 2,795.8 | 31.4  |
| Turbinas de Gas   | 3.6     | 0.04  |
| Motores C.I.      | 1,973.4 | 22.2  |
| Total             | 8,893.0 | 100.0 |

# GENERACIÓN DE ENERGÍA ELÉCTRICA POR TIPO DE COMBUSTIBLE AÑO 2010

**Generación x tipo de combustible 2010**

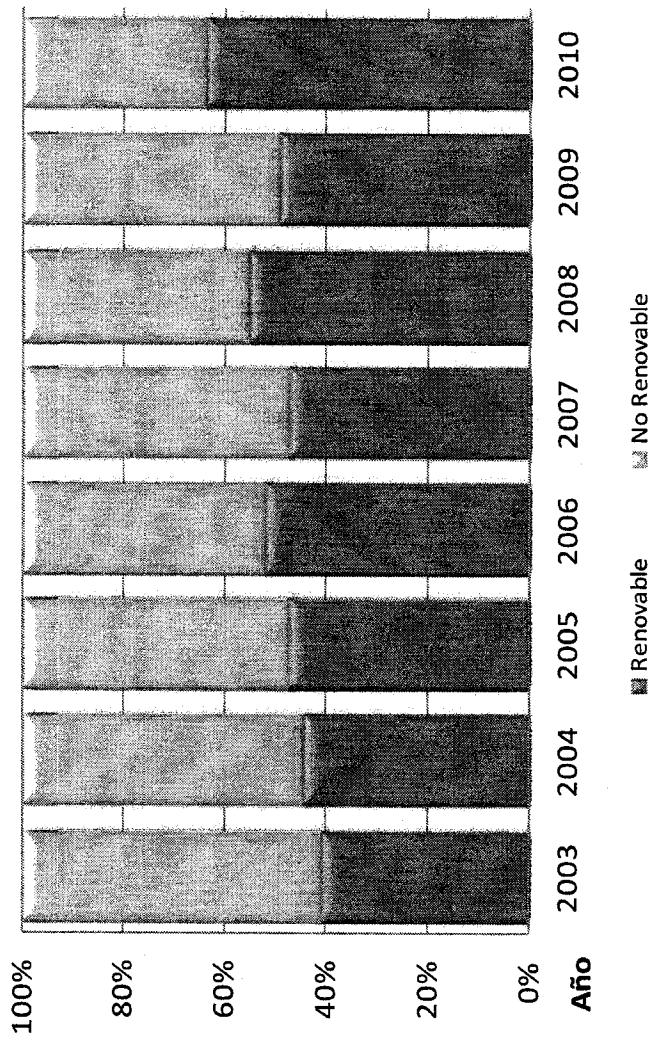


| Energético     | GWh     | %     |
|----------------|---------|-------|
| Hidroenergía   | 3,849.1 | 43.3  |
| Geoenergía     | 271.0   | 3.0   |
| Bagazo de Caña | 1,558.1 | 17.5  |
| Carbón Mineral | 1,169.9 | 13.2  |
| Fuel Oil       | 2,039.3 | 22.9  |
| Diesel Oil     | 5.6     | 0.1   |
| Orimulsión     | 0.0     | 0.0   |
| Total          | 8,893.0 | 100.0 |

# GENERACIÓN DE ENERGÍA ELÉCTRICA POR TIPO DE RECURSO EN GWH

| Tipo de energético | 2003           | 2004           | 2005           | 2006           | 2007           | 2008           | 2009           | 2010           |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Renovable          | 2,988.4        | 3,444.4        | 3,821.4        | 4,242.9        | 4,170.1        | 4,830.5        | 4,442.4        | 5,678.2        |
| No Renovable       | 4,295.7        | 4,246.9        | 4,227.3        | 3,922.3        | 4,586.1        | 3,886.8        | 4,603.6        | 3,214.8        |
| <b>Totales</b>     | <b>7,284.1</b> | <b>7,691.4</b> | <b>8,048.7</b> | <b>8,165.1</b> | <b>8,756.2</b> | <b>8,717.4</b> | <b>9,046.0</b> | <b>8,893.0</b> |

GENERACION POR TIPO DE RECURSO



| Año       | 2008               |                  |                              | 2010                   |                  |                              |                        |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
|           | Central Generadora | Generación (GWh) | Tipo de combustible TN o Gal | Consumo de combustible | Generación (GWh) | Tipo de combustible TN o Gal | Consumo de combustible |
| San José  | 110.91             | Carbo TN         | 439.218                      | Carbon TN              | 257.392          | Carbon TN                    | 416.067,0              |
| Tampa     | 12.45              | Diesel Gal       | 919.917                      | Diesel Gal             | 2.010.995        | Diesel Gal                   | 161.716                |
| Arizona   | 782.57             | Bunker Gal       | 43.791.834                   | Bunker Gal             | 60.062.189       | Bunker Gal                   | 36.365.639             |
| Magdalena | 2.34               | Bunker Gal       | 2.34                         | Bunker Gal             | 9.014.139        | Bunker Gal                   | 1.816.053              |
|           | 176.58             | Baixo TN         | 611.741                      | Baixo TN               | 79               | Baixo TN                     | 14.397.064             |



## Technical Cooperation (TC) Programme

### Regional project concept

|  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Name of the region:</b> Latin America   | <b>Regional/Cooperative Agreement<br/>(if applicable):</b> | <b>Project concept priority number within the Regional/Cooperative Agreement Programme Note<br/>(if applicable):</b> | <b>Project concept priority number within the Regional Programme Note:</b> |
| <b>Field of activity:</b><br>15  |  |  |  |
| <b>Title:</b><br><i>The title should be as concise as possible and should summarize the objective of the project.</i><br>Support for Strategic Planning to Meet Future Energy Needs in Central America and the Caribbean   |  |  |  |
| <b>Problem statement:</b><br><i>Provide a summary of the issue to be addressed by the project. This should be the result of a situation analysis to identify the problem, and its cause and effect.</i><br>The options for meeting future energy needs for most of the countries in Central America and the Caribbean will be seriously affected by resource availability, supply security concerns, actions for mitigating/adapting to climate change, and availability of cleaner energy technologies. This sub region is relatively poor in energy resources but individual countries have very different situations. There is also large potential for cooperation and pooling of resources for mutual benefits of the small economies and islands of Central America and the Caribbean. Through previous technical cooperation activities various electricity generation options were evaluated but comprehensive energy strategies and plans for Member States in Central America and the Caribbean have not been fully realized. Furthermore, assessment of different options in the sub regional for contiguous and integrated plans has not been assessed. Therefore, there is a need to expand the scope of energy studies to address the above mentioned issues in more detail and with a longer term perspective, particularly in the sub regional setting, to ensure sustainable energy supplies for continued social and economic progress in Central America and the Caribbean. |  |  |  |
| <b>Objective:</b><br><i>State succinctly what the project is intended to achieve. Please state only one objective.</i><br>To support Member States in Central America and the Caribbean in elaborating sustainable energy strategies with emphasis on evaluating the role of cleaner energy technologies (renewable, nuclear and cleaner fossil fuels technologies) and assessing their potential contribution to future energy needs (including water supply).  |  |  |  |
| <b>End users:</b><br><i>Who will use/benefit from the results of the project?(e.g. decision makers, service users, patients, farmers).</i><br>National institutions of Member States in Central America and the Caribbean responsible for energy supply and development of the economic, social and environmental sectors based upon the successful development of sustainable energy supply strategies and national plans. In particular, national planning and statistical authorities and decision makers formulating future policies and strategic plans for development of the energy and water sectors.  |  |  |  |
| <b>Past and present regional efforts in addressing the need:</b><br><i>Summarize any past and present regional efforts (including programmes/projects by other regional or international partners) to address the issue to which the project will contribute. Explain any specific gaps that the project will address. Why is a regional approach the most effective mechanism in this case?</i><br>RLA/0/040 'Building Capacity for the Development of Sustainable Energy which included activities to develop an integrated model for the energy supply system in the Mesoamerican Region using MESSAGE, and to determine the optimal Energy Supply Strategy for the energy integration of Nicaragua, Cuba, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Panama, Mexico, Belize, Haiti and Jamaica  |  |  |  |
| <b>Role of nuclear technology:</b><br><i>Indicate the specific nuclear technique that would be used, and outline why it is appropriate for addressing the issue. Is the technique the only one available to solve the problem? Does the technique have a comparative advantage to non-nuclear techniques? Does the technique complement non-nuclear techniques?</i><br>The project will identify the potential of cleaner energy technologies (renewable, nuclear and cleaner fossil fuels technologies) and assess their contribution in meeting future energy needs in the participating countries. The project will also estimate the indicators of sustainable energy development and evaluate whether the developed energy plans are  |  |  |  |

electricity supply that can be deployed on a large scale to avoid GHG emissions. Its future role in the sub regional and national response actions is very important.

**Role of the IAEA:**

*What specific role would the IAEA be expected to play in the project?*

The IAEA will provide information and analytical tools as well as capacity building (training of local experts) for conducting national and sub regional studies for assessing the role of various energy options, including nuclear power, under different economic and social circumstances. The national studies will be collated and integrated into sub regional assessment.

**Participating Member States:**

*List the Member States expected to participate in the project.*

Cuba, Belize, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Costa Rica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Haiti and Jamaica

**National and regional counterpart institutions / stakeholders involved in the project:**

*List all national and regional institutions and stakeholders expected to participate in the project. Please enter first the main counterpart institution and the Designated Team Member (DTM). This person will be the regional technical coordinator for the project.*

Energy planning authorities, social policy making units, environmental management departments, research institutions working on energy and development planning.

**Link to regional strategies or equivalent:**

*Is this project directly linked to a priority area identified in the relevant regional strategy? If yes, provide the reference. ARCAL Strategic Profile, Need E10; Shortage of energy supply and demand scenarios and analysis.*

*If not, explain why this concept is being presented for consideration.*

**Partnership:**

*List all external institutions and partners (other UN or international organisations, donors, etc.) expected to participate in the project, specifying the contribution of each.*

The Latin American Energy Organization (OLADE), to provide training, regional expertise and data and foster technical and data networks

**Physical infrastructure and human resources:**

*What physical infrastructure and human resources are available to support the project? For example, existing laboratories, suitable buildings, staff that will be directly involved in this project.*

*List any regional resource centres that would play a major role in the implementation of the project.*

A team of 2-3 energy/planning/statistical professionals would be required in each participating country.

**Financial resources required and source of funding:**

*Provide an estimate of the total cost of the project and the expected funding provided by each stakeholder (Government cost-sharing, other partners and IAEA).*

Assuming about 12 countries will participate, the project would require Euro 300 000 for the 2 year period.

**Duration of the project:**

*Indicate a realistic starting date for the project and the number of years required to complete the project. Projects should not exceed four years.*

2 years

**Safety regulatory infrastructure:**

*Indicate whether or not the safety regulatory infrastructure in the Member States that are expected to participate in this project is adequate to ensure that the project will be implemented in a safe manner. If not, specify the gaps and indicate how they will be addressed.*

n/a

**Resumen de la Solicitud de Ismael:**

El deseo es hacer proyectos subregionales para Centro América y El Caribe, pero se le pasó la fecha límite para presentar conceptos, por lo que desea que la solicitud venga de afuera para que lo tomen en cuenta. Ismael necesita saber si estamos interesados y de estar interesados hablar con los oficiales de enlace para que se presente como un proyecto regional.

**Concepto de proyecto regional:**

**Región:** Latino América

**Título:** Apoyo para la planeación estratégica para encontrar necesidades futuras de energía en Centro América y el Caribe.

**Problema:** Las opciones para encontrar futuras necesidades para la mayoría de los países de Centro América y el Caribe estarán seriamente afectadas por la disponibilidad de recursos y la disponibilidad de tecnología de energía limpia. La subregión es relativamente pobre en recursos de energía pero individualmente cada país tiene situaciones diferentes.

**Objetivo:** Apoyar a los Miembros de los países de Centro América y el Caribe en elaborar estrategias de energía sostenible con énfasis en evaluación del papel que juegan las técnicas de energía limpia (renovable, nuclear y técnicas de combustibles fósiles limpios) y evaluar su contribución potencial en las futuras necesidades de energía.

**Países participantes:** Cuba, Belize, Republica Dominicana, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Costa Rica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panamá, Haití y Jamaica.

**Cooperacion:** La Organización Latinoamericana de Energia (OLADE), proveerá entrenamiento, experiencia regional y datos.

**Infraestructura y recurso humano:** Un grupo de 2 a 3 profesionales (energía, planificación, estadísticas) de cada país.

**Recursos Financieros requeridos:** Asumiendo que los 12 países participarán, el proyecto requerirá 300,000 Euros para un periodo de 2 años.

Estimado Ismael

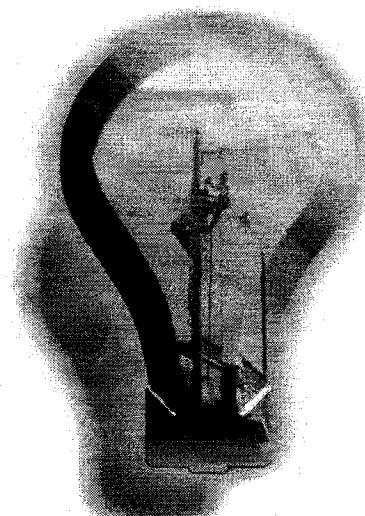
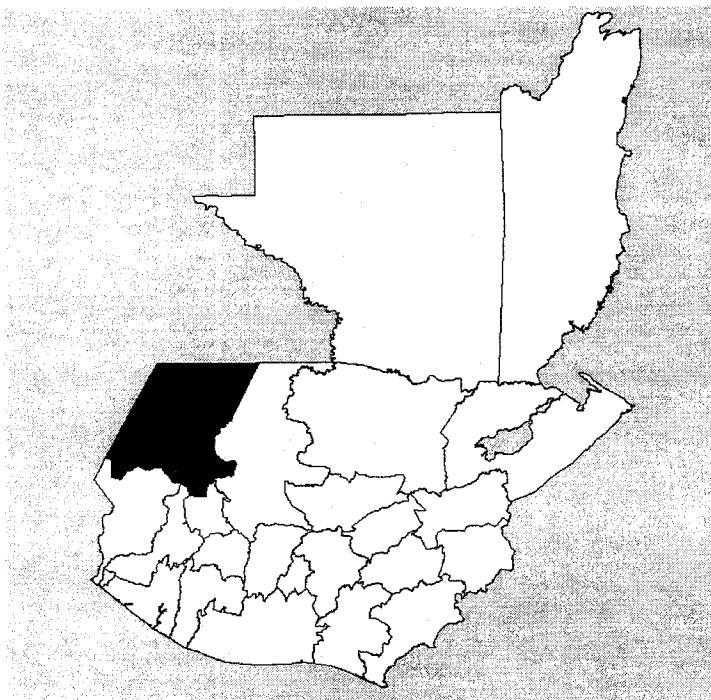
Gusto de saludarte, Guatemala está interesada en el proyecto debido a las necesidades futuras de Energía y pensamos que es indispensable el uso de una tecnología limpia y con los recursos propios de nuestro país, por lo que apoyamos el proyecto.

Saludos

Ing. Felipe Robles  
Ministerio de Energía y Minas Guatemala



# ÍNDICE DE COBERTURA ELÉCTRICA DEPARTAMENTO DE HUEHUETENANGO 2011



**MEM**

## COBERTURA ELÉCTRICA 2011

### HUEHUETENANGO

| <b>Número</b>        | <b>Municipio</b>            | <b>Hogares</b> | <b>Usuarios</b> | <b>ÍNDICE</b> |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1                    | AGUACATAN                   | 9,060          | 8,693           | 96.0%         |
| 2                    | BARILLAS                    | 17,373         | 9,477           | 54.6%         |
| 3                    | CHIANTLA                    | 15,086         | 11,141          | 73.8%         |
| 4                    | COLOTENANGO                 | 4,658          | 3,574           | 76.7%         |
| 5                    | CONCEPCION HUISTA           | 4,173          | 3,941           | 94.4%         |
| 6                    | CUILCO                      | 9,749          | 9,197           | 94.3%         |
| 7                    | HUEHUETENANGO               | 31,439         | 30,632          | 97.4%         |
| 8                    | JACALTENANGO                | 8,681          | 8,105           | 93.4%         |
| 9                    | LA DEMOCRACIA               | 11,223         | 10,681          | 95.2%         |
| 10                   | LA LIBERTAD                 | 6,327          | 5,484           | 86.7%         |
| 11                   | MALACATANCITO               | 3,740          | 3,567           | 95.4%         |
| 12                   | NENTON                      | 5,965          | 4,328           | 72.6%         |
| 13                   | SAN ANTONIO HUISTA          | 3,106          | 2,758           | 88.8%         |
| 14                   | SAN GASPAR IXCHIL           | 1,131          | 658             | 58.2%         |
| 15                   | SAN ILDEFONSO IXTAHUACAN    | 6,642          | 4,691           | 70.6%         |
| 16                   | SAN JUAN ATITAN             | 2,977          | 2,407           | 80.9%         |
| 17                   | SAN JUAN IXCOY              | 3,941          | 3,707           | 94.1%         |
| 18                   | SAN MATEO IXTATAN           | 5,725          | 4,421           | 77.2%         |
| 19                   | SAN MIGUEL ACATAN           | 4,059          | 3,251           | 80.1%         |
| 20                   | SAN PEDRO NECTA             | 5,532          | 4,965           | 89.8%         |
| 21                   | SAN RAFAEL LA INDEPENDENCIA | 2,286          | 2,107           | 92.2%         |
| 22                   | SAN RAFAEL PETZAL           | 1,418          | 1,238           | 87.3%         |
| 23                   | SAN SEBASTIAN COATAN        | 4,517          | 4,328           | 95.8%         |
| 24                   | SAN SEBASTIAN HUEHUETENANGO | 4,344          | 3,201           | 73.7%         |
| 25                   | SANTA ANA HUISTA            | 1,985          | 1,871           | 94.3%         |
| 26                   | SANTA BARBARA               | 3,189          | 2,387           | 74.9%         |
| 27                   | SANTA EULALIA               | 5,604          | 5,334           | 95.2%         |
| 28                   | SANTIAGO CHIMALTENANGO      | 1,504          | 1,064           | 70.7%         |
| 29                   | SOLOMA                      | 9,051          | 8,536           | 94.3%         |
| 30                   | TECTITAN                    | 1,570          | 1,248           | 79.5%         |
| 31                   | UNION CANTIL                | 3,189          | 2,374           | 74.4%         |
| 32                   | TODOS SANTOS CUCHUMATAN     | 5,859          | 5,591           | 95.4%         |
| <b>HUEHUETENANGO</b> |                             | <b>205,103</b> | <b>174,957</b>  | <b>85.3%</b>  |

## MAPA DE COBERTURA ELÉCTRICA 2011 HUEHUETENANGO

